



**PRODUCT NAME**

TR3002

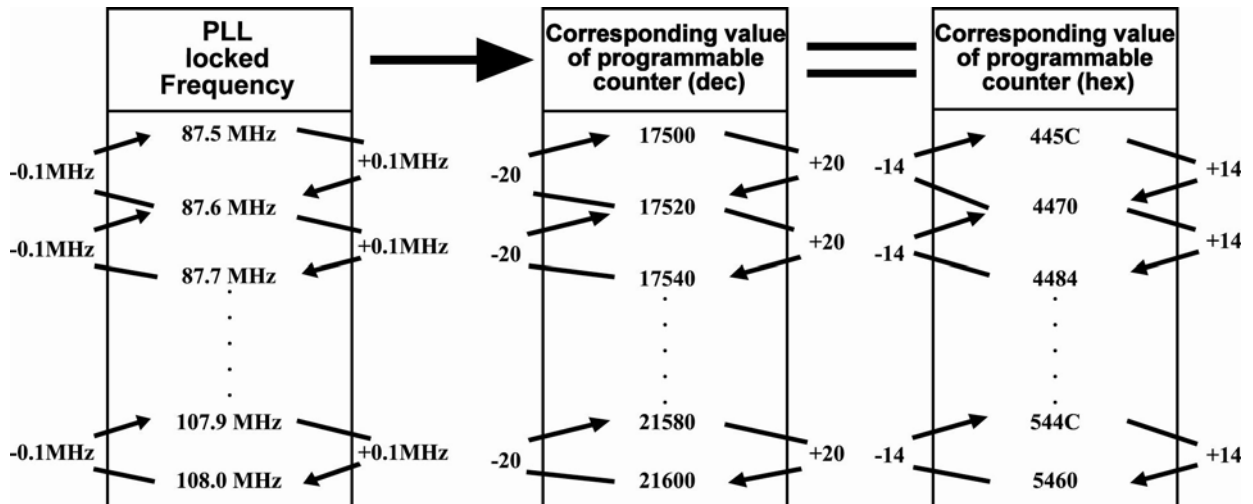
**TITLE**

1. Relationship between the setting value of programmable counter and the PLL lockable frequency.
2. How to lower the power consumption of MCU after cut the power supply of TR3002.

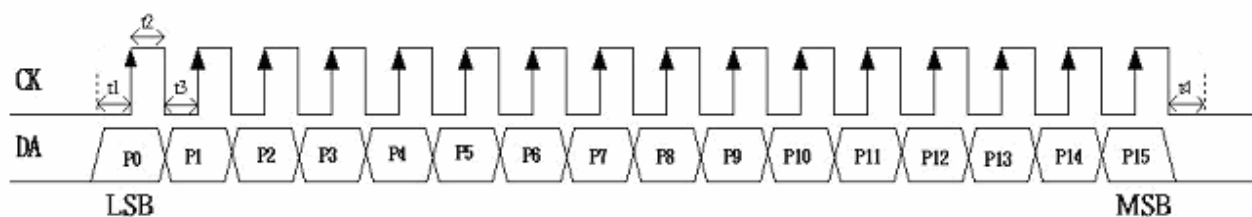
**APPLICATION NOTE**

**1. Relationship between the setting value of programmable counter and the PLL lockable frequency:**

- (1). Voltage range VDD=2.2V ~ 3.6V, 1MHz ~ 20MHz crystal can be used.
- (2). If the 4MHz crystal is used, the PLL lockable frequency range would be 87.5 MHz ~ 108.0 MHz, and the setting range of programmable counter, which is corresponding to these frequency values, would be 17500 ~ 21600. When the interval of each lockable frequency is  $\pm 0.1$ MHZ, the value of the programmable counter changes  $\pm 20$ .  
For example:



- (3). Serial data transfer format:  
To transmit the value of programmable counter via the serial I/O port of TR3002



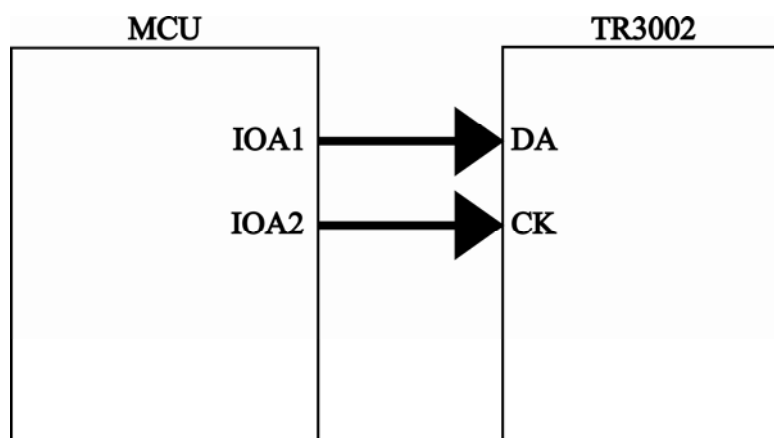
- (A). CK signal: The DA signal will latch into the TR3002 at the CK rise edge.
- (B). DA signal: The value of programmable counter needs to be transmitted from LSB.
- (C). t1, t2, t3, t4 TIME: > 4us.
- (D). The CK signal and DA signal need to keep "LOW" after the transmission of 16 bits data is completed.

- (4). How to calculate the setting value of programmable counter:  
 $[P15.....P0] = N$  (setting value of programmable counter:  
 $1600(\text{dec}) < N < 65280 (\text{dec})$ )

For example:

If  $N = 17500$ ;  
 Crystal frequency = 4MHz;  
 Reference frequency =  $4\text{MHz}/800(\text{fixed}) = 5\text{kHz}$ .  
 Synthesis frequency  $f = 5\text{kHz} * N = 5\text{kHz} * 17500 = 87.5\text{MHz}$

- (5). Hardware:  
To control the TR3002 by MCU. (see the diagram below)



- (6). The program example below is the code for the 4 bit MCU (tenx technology inc.) to control TR3002 and lock the 87.5MHz [445C(hex)] signal (transmit the CK and DA signal via IOA port, and define IOA2=CK, IOA1=DA)

```
.data
    data0 equ 00h           ; define data0~data3 as values for
                            ; programmable counter
    data1 equ 01h           ; data3 is MSB; data0 is LSB
    data2 equ 02h
    data3 equ 03h

    serial_signal equ 04h   ; define to transmit the CK, DA signal
    data_times equ 05h
    data_buff 0 equ 06h
    data_buff 1 equ 07h
.endd

.code
Start:
    lds data0 , 0CH         ; initialize data0~data3(445C)
    lds data1 , 05H
    lds data2 , 04H
    lds data3 , 04H

    lds serial_signal, 00h  ; initialize CK=0 and DA=0
    opa serial_signal,     ; transmit via IOA port
    spa 1fh

    lds 70H, 00h           ; move the content marked with data0
                            ; to the field marked with data_buff0

    mvl 70H
    mvh 71H
    mvu 70H
    lda# @hl
    sta data_buff0
    lds data_times,04H     ; code data total 16 bit
    lds data_buff1,04H     ; set data_times *data_buff1=16
    call send_clk

.endc
,*****
,
send_clk:                   ; send_clk subroutine function is to
                            ; transmit the content of data0~data3
                            ; register via IOA port, in serial mode.

send_clk0:
    lda data_buff0
    jb0 send_clk1
    lds serial_signal,00h
    opa serial_signal
    lds serial_signal,02h
```

```
        jmp  send_clk2
send_clk1:
        lds  serial_signal,01h
        opa  serial_signal
        lds  serial_signal,03h
        nop
send_clk2:
        dec* data_buff1
        jz   send_clk3
        nop
        nop
        nop
        opa  serial_signal
        sr0  data_buff0
        nop
        nop
        jmp  send_clk0
send_clk3:
        lds  data_buff1,04h
        dec* data_times
        jz   send_clk4
        opa  serial_signal
        lda# @hl
        sta  data_buff0
        nop
        jmp  send_clk0
send_clk4:
        opa  serial_signal
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        nop
        lds  70h,00h
        opa  70h
        rts
```

**2. How to lower the power consumption of MCU after cut the power supply of TR3002:**

- (1).** There are two signal lines between the MCU and TR3002: CK and DA.
- (2).** After cut the power supply of TR3002, set the two signal lines as “LOW” to lower the unnecessary power consumption at the MCU IO lead.